

## Class #16. Review

1.	At Xcelerate, what do we call bad drivers?			
2.	If you fail the DOL Written Test, you must pay \$ to retake the exam.			
3.	The permit fee is \$ and is valid for			
4.	A driver license is valid for years and expires on			
5.	If you are under age, you will first receive an Intermediate License (IL).			
6.	Before you are eligible for the IL, you must first have a permit for months.			
7.	You must also have your parent/guardian certify that you have had hours practice driving experience, of which must be at night. This practice experience must be supervised by a driver who is at least age and who has been licensed for at least years.			
8.	You must be free of committing a traffic violation for at least months prior to applying for your Intermediate License (IL).			
9.	Once you receive your IL, you are restricted from driving between the hours of and a.m. unless accompanied by a parent, guardian, or licensed driver at least years of age.			
10.	For the first months, you may not carry any passengers under the age of unless they are members of your immediate family.			
11.	After that, you will be restricted to carrying no more than passengers under the age of who are not members of your immediate family.			
12.	The above restrictions are lifted after if you haven't been involved in a, haven't been convicted of a traffic offense, or haven't been caught violating the IL restrictions.			
13.	However, your license will be suspended for one year or until age 18 if you are convicted of or more traffic offenses while driving on an IL.			
14.	On your birthday, your IL license automatically becomes a license with no restrictions.			
15.	You must notify the DOL within days of a name or address change.			
16.	In order to operate a motor vehicle in Washington, you must carry proof of liability insurance in the following minimum amounts:\$ for the injury or death of one person;\$ for the injury or death of two or more persons; and at least\$ for property damage in any one collision.			

17.	To be legal, a tire's tread must be at least inch deep. You can use a to check the depth of your tire tread.
18.	Safety belts. The driver and all passengers must be properly fastened in safety belts. The driver is legally responsible (must pay find for violations) for all passengers under age who are not belted or properly secured.
19.	Child seats. All children aged or under must be in an approved child seat. Those children aged years or under (height) must be in a child safety restraint.
20.	It is safest for all children to be sitting and secured in the seat.
21.	Fines for moving violations in construction areas (school zones too).
22.	Roundabouts are designed for speeds of only to mph.
23.	You may not drive further than feet within a two-way left turn lane.
24.	The maximum speed limit to drive on an ocean beach is mph.
25.	You are NOT required to stop for a school bus displaying red lights and a stop sign if you are going in the opposite direction on a road with or more lanes.
26.	When you park parallel to a road, both tires must be within of the curb.
27.	Do not park within feet of a driveway, alley, or private road.
28.	Do not park within feet of a fire hydrant.
29.	Do not park within of a pedestrian safety zone (crosswalk).
30.	Do not park within feet of a fire station driveway, same side, and within feet on the other side of the street.
31.	Do not park within feet of a traffic light, stop sign or yield sign.
32.	Unless otherwise posted, the speed limits in Washington state are:
	mph in a school zone
	mph on city or town streets
	mph on county (not country) roads,
	mph on state highways. [Divided highway only: 55 mph if undivided]
33.	Do not park within of a railroad crossing.
34.	You must signal at least feet (six seconds) before a turn.

35.	By law, your headlights must be turned on from after sunset until before sunrise.
36.	You must dim your high beams when you are within feet of an oncoming vehicle and within feet when following behind a vehicle.
37.	It is a good habit to leave space to the sides. When faced with hazards, split the distance between them. Even better, when possible, take the potential hazards at a time by slowing down until one passes by.
38.	When riding at night, a bicycle must have a white headlight visible within feet and a red reflector or taillight visible for to the rear.
39.	Alcohol reaches your brain in to minutes after consuming it. It takes about hour(s) for your body to get rid of each drink.
40.	A shot glass ofproof liquor, a glass of wine and a can of beer all have the same amount of alcohol (neither will get you drunker than the other).
41.	You can be arrested for a DWI/DUI if you have a BAC of or more; if you are under age 21, you can be arrested for a BAC of
42.	The Implied Consent Law means that you will have your license revoked for year(s) if you refuse to take a breath or blood test to determine the alcohol or drug content of your blood when a police officer asks you to take a BAC test.
43.	If convicted of a first DWI/DUI, you can have your license suspended for at least days, receive a fine up to\$ and jail sentence between and days.
44.	Alcohol-related offenses remain on your driving record for
45.	A minor aged 13-17 convicted of an alcohol, firearm or drug violation will have the driving privilege revoked for year(s) or until age whichever is longer.
46.	If a collision results in an injury, death or property damage of\$ or more, you must file a collision report within days.
47.	When ownership of a vehicle is transferred, the seller must file a Report of Sale within days and the purchaser must report the transfer within days.
48.	License plates must be displayed on both the and of the motor vehicle, but the license tabs are only required on plates.
49.	You can lose your license for 1 year if you refuse a breathalyzer under thelaw.
50.	A motorcycle's smaller makes it difficult to judge its and
51.	Anytime you are being tailgated, you should your following distance.
52.	You must stop for school buses whenever you are going in the same direction as the bus or facing a bus on a roadway.

53.	At a	, the person who did not st	op must yield to the person w	ho did stop firs			
	and all persons must y	ield to					
54.	When backing you are	required to yield to	, and	·			
55.	When making a left yo are at a light with a gre		and	_ unless you			
56.			if you are on a road that ends in a T.				
57.	Anytime you park to th	ne side of the road facing dow	nhill your wheels should be turned to the	·			
58.	When you park uphill	with a curb you turn your tires	to the				
59.	Alcohol affects a perso	on'sbef	ore their				
60.	can	occur if a large amount of alc	ohol is consumed over a short amount of	·			
61.	Unless you are close to	an intersection when a traffic	light changes to yellow, you should	·			
62.	Allowing others to go I	Allowing others to go before you is called					
63.		is the correct following distance.					
64.	A flashing red light me	A flashing red light means the same thing as a					
65.		_ is the most distance to drive	in a center turn lane.				
66.	Basic speed rule is the	all	owed under ideal conditions				
67.	The direction to drive	into a roundabout if to the	·				
68.	The first thing to do if	you are involved in a collision	is to				
69.	The zone control syste	m incorporates	zones of space around your vehicle.				
70.	A space not open to yo	ou because of a blockage to yo	ur line of sight or path of travel is called a	·			
71.	There are	to be evaluate	d in your path of travel.				
			etween impact and stopping are the 3 factors t	hat determine			
	the force of the impact	t in a crash.					

73.	collisions occur when a vehicle hits a solid object.
74.	You should when visibility is reduced.
75.	It takes the distance to stop when your speed doubles.
76.	When you stop behind white lines it is called a
77.	If you move forward on top of lines to get a better view it is called a
78.	Even with no traffic present, a is still required for turns and lane changes.
79.	The gauge that tells you the cars mileage is the
80.	When stopped in traffic you should be able to see the of the vehicle ahead of you
81.	Anytime you slow or stop you should check your zone.
82.	is the most important safety feature.
83.	The tendency to get drowsy or fall asleep while driving is called
84.	Thinking the car is traveling than it actually is, is called velocitation.
85.	Evaluate if there is anything to gain before deciding to
86.	The 3 kinds of signs are, and